THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

NO. 93, VOL. 8.] NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1869. [PRICE 1s. or 25 cts.

This JOURNAL is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia; is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony.

This paper may be read gratuitously in London at the Central Establishment of "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT," 533, Oxford Street, W. C. where advertisements and subscriptions for the same are received.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1869.

CANADIAN MAIL SUMMARY.

Our Canadian files are to the 13th ult. The Civil Service Commission are said to have reported in favour of the dismissal of 30 or 40 clerks, the the consolidation of the duties of several clerks and the superannuation of others. The Hon. Joseph Howe and Mr. McClellan, Member of the Commons for Colchester, were to proceed to Portland on the 13th, to discuss with Mr. Rose the proposed concessions to Nova Scotia. An impression prevailed in Halifax that Mr. Howe would take office in the Dominion Government; but he has frequently declared that he will accept no office until the people are convinced, as he is, that Repeal is hopeless. The Bank of Montreal, in St. Catherines, was entered, between the hours of nine and ten, on the night of the 11th, the safe blown open with nitro-glycerine, and $50,000 in Canada legal tender notes carried off. The robbery appears to have been well planned and executed with consummate skill and coolness. No clue to the perpetrators had been discovered. Between 400 and 500 deaths from small-pox occurred during the last year in Montreal. The evidence of the city vaccinators shows conclusively that the fatal cases were, in nearly every instance, amongst those who had either not been vaccinated at all, or but very imperfectly. It was said that Sir John Young would assemble the Lieut. Governors of the four Provinces in the Federal capital. Sir John was to give a grand dinner, and Lady Young would give a ball to crown the entertainment, which was to come off about the end of last month. Upwards of $6000 had been subscribed for the Queen's statue in Montreal.

A COOL PROPOSAL.

A correspondent of the London *Star* sends the following, which he says has recently arrived from Madras, and is vouched for by an European officer, who was on a visit to the nobleman referred to when the letter was received. It was handed over to him for translation into the native tongue, and he at once translated it, evidently to the consternation of the native bearers. Whoever the member of the fair sex may be who perpetrated such a piece of folly, the most charitable construction to be put upon it is, that she is a fit subject for the lunatic asylum of the Cornwall district. In Madras no doubt was entertained of the genuineness of the documents:

"To his Majesty the Maharajah of ——, Southern India. May it please your Majesty,—I am a young lady of highly respectable connections; my papa and mamma are both dead, and I am now residing with a minister whose name is Rev. ——. I am 21 years of age, and have some property and am anxious to be married to some one very high and rich—a king is what I want; and as you have been so kindly spoken of in the newspapers—[a few words here are illegible, but they look like 'there inform']—that you are a very rich, noble, good gentleman, you will pardon me, I hope, for wishing to ask you whether you have any matrimonial engagement; and, if not, whether you would be quite willing to correspond with me with a view to marriage. If we could agree, I should not object to come out to India and reside in your palace with you as my husband, where we could have plenty of servants to wait upon us and plenty of money to live upon. Will you be kind enough to let me know by the return of post what you think of this my proposal; whether it exactly meets with your views, and, if so, when we could be married! I should wish to know in time to have all ready for the voyage to India, and for my marriage when I arrived there, unless you would be pleased to come to England for me and then we could go out together. This would be very nice indeed; but I shall not make any further arrangements until such time as I hear from you. Hoping to hear from you when the mail returns from India, I am yours most truly, J—— M——, Cornwall, England, August 25, 1868." To this is attached the letter of the minister, as follows:—"I hereby state that I have known Miss M—— intimately for four years past, and have always found her to be a very nice, amiable, kind and excellent young lady. She has lived with us more than twelve months, so we know what an excellent wife she would be to any gentleman who could have her. She is well educated, having studied music and several languages; she is piously disposed, and a member of our church, which she has been for several years. Her parents were very highly respectable, and as they are now dead she has control over all the property belonging to her. Should any more information be required, I shall be glad to furnish it."

RATS AS MILITARY ALLIES.—The venerable Father of History, Herodotus, who wrote more than two thousand two hundred years ago, tells us how the Egyptian rats of old, marshalled in immense numbers, like so many volunteers in aid of their country, entered the battle-field, and, in light marching order, I presume, stole a nocturnal march into the Assyrian and Arabian camps, and there, with reposing warriors around, devoured the quivers, gnawed to pieces the bow-strings and even the helmet-straps of the slumbering army; so that when the morning sun rose the allied armies fled in disorder, as their weapons, the soldier's hope and indispensable auxiliaries of war, were completely destroyed by the Egyptian rodentia. In commemoration of this national event, a stone statue of Stethon, with a rat in his hand, was erected in the Temple of Vulcan, with the following significant and grateful inscription, "On seeing me learn to revere the Gods!" A Chinese tradition shows how the rats of the land of tea were equally formidable against the Turks. The kingdom of Khotan was invaded by a powerful Turkish army. The Khotian king, doubting the strength of his men, implored the rats of the desert to come to his assistance, and the night before the battle an overgrown rat appeared to the King in a dream, and thus eloquently spoke to the desponding monarch, "You have claimed our assistance; prepare your troops to fight a battle to-morrow, and you shall be victorious!" Early next morning the Chinese quite unexpectedly marched upon the Turks, who were ordered to advance their cavalry, but to the consternation of the troops the harness of their chargers, bows, cuirass-straps, and general equipments, had been half annihilated by the rats, and through this rather curious stratagem of war the Turkish general was slain and his whole army became prisoners.—*Naturalist's Note Book.*

A Yacht race from New York to Rio Janeiro is to come off in January. Four boats of the New York Club have entered for it, and a considerable amount of money is staked on the result.

New Advertisements.

CLINTON HOTEL,

CLINTON CITY,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the

CLINTON HOTEL

property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.

Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand.

They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.

J. SMITH & Co.

Clinton, B.C., 22d Aug. 1867. tc

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

BOSTON BAR.

THE Public are advised that this long and favorably known Hotel has again come into the hands of its original proprietor,

ALEXANDER COUTLEE,

who will give the Establishment his personal supervision.

The travelling public may therefore depend on having their wants properly attended to.

ALEXANDER COUTLEE.

Boston Bar, April 11th, 1868. 3m

GRELLEY & FITERRE,

WHOLESALE IMPORTERS

OF AND

GENERAL DEALERS

IN

WINES, SPIRITS, CORDIALS,

AGENTS FOR

Napoleon's Cabinet

AND

BOUCHE CHAMPAGNE,

Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C., Dec. 4, 1868. tc

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL,

Soda Creek.

M'LEESE & SENAY, PROPRIETORS.

BEG to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—

MEALS	$1 00
BEDS	75
BOARD AND LODGING, per day	3 50
do do per week	15 00

Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give

First-class Accommodation in the Eating and Sleeping Departments,

They hope to merit an extended support in the future.

Private Room for Families.

AT THE BAR

Will always be found the Choicest Brands o WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

New Advertisements.

Farm for Sale.

CONSISTING of Four hundred acres of land, of which 280 acres are Prairie, 50 feet above high-water mark, good black soil from 12 to 18 inches deep.

There is a good stream of water running through the centre of the land. The soil produces good root crops and all kinds of grain.

There is a most excellent range for Cattle and Pigs; and abundance of cedar and other timber for fuel, fencing and building.

Seventy acres are under fence, and there is a dwelling, outhouses, etc.

Also 30 head of CATTLE, and 100 PIGS.

The property is most eligibly and pleasantly situated, and is within easy walk of the steamboat landing at Langley.

For further particulars apply to Mr. H. W. Smith, Druggist, New Westminster, Mr. James Taylor, Langley, or, on the premises to

GEORGE ROBERTSON.

oct27 tc

NOTICE.

W. R. LEWIS begs to announce that he has this day sold all his right and interest in the teaming and cord-wood business to favor of Mr. H. Elliot.

New Westminster, Nov. 6th, 1868. no7 tc.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative.)

The Edinburgh Review, (Whig.)

The Westminster Review, (Radical.)

The North British Review, (Free-Church.)

AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews	$ 4 00 per annum
For any two of the Reviews	7 00 .....
For any three of the Reviews	10 00 .....
For all four of the Reviews	12 00 .....
For Blackwood's Magazine	4 00 .....
For Blackwood and one Review	7 00 .....
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews	10 00 .....
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	13 00 .....
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15 00 .....

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should prepay by the quarter at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is **Two Cents** a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

BACK NUMBERS.

Subscribers by remitting direct to the Publishers, may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The *North British* from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly* for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1 50 a year for each of any Review; also, *Blackwood* for 1866 and 1867, for $2 50 a year; or the two years together for $4 00.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,

140 Fulton Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE.

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings.

Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $8.

81yj 1868. 1y

NOTICE.

CAPT. EDWARD STAMP has This Day retired from the management of the British Columbia and Vancouver Island Spar, Lumber and Saw Mill Co., Limited; Capt. James A. Raymur will take the management at Burrard Inlet for the Company; and Dickson, Campbell & Co., by J. C. Nicholson, will be the financial agents here,

EDWARD STAMP.
J. C. NICHOLSON.

Victoria, B. C. 2nd January, 1869. jn9 1m.

New Advertisements.

S.T-1860-X.

A great French Physician says: "More than half the disease in the world comes from neglect to fortify the system against changes of climate, weather and food. The great secret of health is to keep the condition of the Stomach and Blood regular and uniform, so that changes from Heat to Cold, from Dry to Damp, etc., cannot upset the machinery of the Body, and breed disease."

Now, it is a fact, positive and well known, that there is no self bulwark and assistant for the Stomach as

PLANTATION BITTERS.

This splendid Tonic is now used by all classes of people for every symptom of a "Stomach out of order."

The secret of it is this: Plantation Bitters are certain to correct the juices of the Stomach, set all its machinery at work, and enable it to resist and throw off the approaching danger. The tendency of the operations of Nature is always towards a cure; all she needs is a little assistance at the proper time. How much more reasonable and sensible it is to help her along with a safe and yet powerful Tonic, than to deluge and weaken and defeat her curative processes with poisonous drugs and fiery mixtures which only stupify and plant the seeds of disease and death.

Important Certificates.

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
Rev. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Then will send me two bottles more of the Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Phila."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
Rev. J. S. CURRAN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent, Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted Nature's great restorer.

The public may rest assured that in no case will the perfectly pure standard of the PLANTATION BITTERS be departed from.

Every bottle bears the fac-simile of our signature on a steel plate engraving, or it cannot be genuine.

Any person pretending to sell PLANTATION BITTERS *in bulk or by the gallon, is a swindler and imposter. Beware of refilled bottles. See that our Private Stamp is* UNMUTILATED *over every cork.*

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Dealers throughout the world.

P. H. Drake & Co NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETORS.

Redington & Co., 416 and 418 Front St. San Francisco.

Agents for California and Nevada.

FLEAS.

LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER is sure death to everything of the Insect species—Bedbugs, Mosquitos, Ants, Bugs.

IT KILLS INSTANTLY.

What is peculiarly surprising in regard to this article is, that notwithstanding its instant death to insects, it is perfectly harmless to mankind and domestic animals. It can be inhaled or eaten with impunity. It bears the testimony of eminent disinterested chemists that it is

FREE FROM POISON.

No article has ever given such positive satisfaction in its use.

Its reputation is well known. It is easily and readily used—Directions accompany each flask. Beware of counterfeits.

The genuine has the signature of E. Lyon, and the private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co., Anything else of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have no other.

Sold by all druggists and dealers on Pacific Coast.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

It is an admitted fact that the Mexican Mustang Liniment performs more cures in shorter time, on man and beast, than any article ever discovered.

No compound has ever been invented so useful and efficacious in curing

RHEUMATISM, STIFF & WEAK JOINTS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, SORE THROAT, BURNS, EAR ACHE, FRESH CUTS OR WOUNDS, SWELLINGS,

Or any other complaints requiring external application.

FOR HORSES,

it is an indispensable and valuable remedy in all cases of Spavin, Splint, Ring-bone, Wind-galls, Bruises, Strains, &c.

It should be kept in every house, camp, and stable. Accidents will occur. Promptness is efficacy.

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of O. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the PRIVATE U. S. STAMP of DEMAS BARNES & Co., over the top.

An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. Look sharp.

Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers in every town and mining camp on the Pacific coast.

1y8 1y

SADDLERY

AND

HARNESS MAKING.

B. DOUGLAS begs to inform the Farmers and Teamsters of the Upper Country, that he is prepared to supply orders for any article in the Saddlery line. Harness of all kinds, of his own manufacture, always on hand.

A good supply of Whips, Blacksnake lashes Aparajos and other Leathers.

BEN. DOUGLAS.

Front Street, Yale, B. C. ap15tc

New Advertisements.

BURRARD INLET

STAGE LINE.

The undersigned announces to the public that he has established a daily line of Stages between New Westminster and Burrard Inlet.

The Stages will start from the

ORO RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIA STREET

EVERY MORNING.

.....AT.....

TEN O'CLOCK,

Returning the same day, leaving Brighton at 3 o'clock, p. m.

FARE, $1 EACH WAY.

oc12 tc W. R. LEWIS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY.

DAVID WITHROW

BEGS to announce to the public that he has opened a PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, where

LIKENESSES,

.....AND.....

Scenic Pictures

can be had, in Any Style, and with all the Latest Improvements of the Art.

FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS.

DAVID WITHROW

CONTINUES to carry on the Furniture and Upholstering business in all its branches.

On hand a good assortment of DOORS, WINDOW-SASH, and WINDOW-GLASS, of all sizes, WALL PAPER, PICTURES, CHINESE FANCY-WORK, WILLOW-WARE, &c.

Columbia St., New Westminster.

November 20th, 1868. tc

A. BARLOW,

YALE, B. C.

MERCHANT AND

GENERAL AGENT.

ALL KINDS OF COLONIAL AND OTHER

PRODUCE

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON

COMMISSION,

BILLS COLLECTED,

and a GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS transacted

ma11 tc

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice that any person or persons cutting timber or otherwise trespassing upon Lot 209, Group 1, on the North Arm Road, about 9½ miles from New Westminster, will be prosecuted according to law.

THOMAS SNEYD,
Per WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Agent.

New Westminster, Nov. 12, 1868. 1y

WANTED

A STEADY boy, from twelve to fifteen years of age, possessing a fair English education, as an apprentice to the Printing business.—Apply at the office of the BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This Journal is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Columbia Street, New Westminster, by JOHN ROBSON, Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year.....$7 50
For six months.....$4 50
For three months.....$2 50
Single copies.....25cts.

Payable invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, $2 first insertion, and 50 cents each subsequent insertion. Over 2 inches, $1 per inch for first insertion, and 25 cents per inch for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.

Advertisements, in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

All Advertisements for insertion in the British Columbian must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.

All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and charged for accordingly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY

List of Prices—J. Cunninghaim.
Notice—H. V. Edmonds.
Auction Sale—H. V. Edmonds.
Notice.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1869.

TO THE PUBLIC.

On or about the 10th proximo this Journal will be removed to Victoria, where it will be published as a DAILY NEWSPAPER. The reasons which have induced the Proprietor to take this step will be fully explained hereafter.

IMMIGRATION.

Of those subjects now pressing upon the attention of Government, probably few involve more important considerations than the question of how to encourage an increased immigration into British Columbia. In dealing with this subject it is safe to assume the possession of very great attractions and advantages, as a new colony—that we have the richest mines, the most inviting climate and perhaps we may add, the most varied resources of all Her Majesty's Colonial Possessions. Our mountains are full of precious metals, our waters are full of wholesome fish, while in forest and agricultural wealth we are second to few countries in the wide, wide world. Nor are we altogether destitute of attractive legislation. One of the most liberal laws for regulating the working of silver and copper mines ever enacted, is about to come from the hands of 'the little Parliament now in session.' A very liberal Homestead law has been in operation for two years, under which families may obtain secure protection against all reverses, to the extent of $2500, in addition to personal property. Our land laws are of average liberality, with near prospect of material improvement. How is it that, with all these attractions, the Colony still pines for immigration? We have prepared the feast—or, at all events, the feast has been prepared; but we have neglected to invite the guests; and it can, therefore, be a matter of but little wonder that no guests should arrive. An English workingman is as much alive to his own interests as is a member of any other class; and if he were properly informed of any advantages which may await him in another country, he would be equally willing to take advantage of them. But in England he has to work hard for his daily maintenance, and has little time to spend in hunting up the offices of agents for different parts of the world, in order to ascertain what inducements each might have to offer to entice him to another land. He returns from his daily toil—too tired, and his means are too limited to enable him to seek out for himself the necessary information. His only literature is his weekly newspaper, and it is not very likely to suggest a hunt for an Emigrant Agent. British Columbia does not even possess the advantage of such an Agent. Beyond the precincts of the Colony it is literally an unknown land; and until we take the trouble to bring the country and its unquestionable advantages before those communities from which we might hope to draw population, it is idle to look for any more practical results than we have experienced in the past. Let a beginning, however small, be made, and made at once. Too much precious time has already been permitted to run to waste.

THE SCHOOL BILL.

This important measure has not yet made its final escape from the relentless hands of the Committee of the Whole. During the debate upon it, on Tuesday last, its author impatiently declared his inability to identify his own bill, so much had it been altered, and he, somewhat petulantly, we think, announced the determination to wash his hands of a measure he could no longer approve. The bill has unquestionably undergone a complete metamorphosis; but that it is the worse for it we are greatly disposed to deny. As it now stands, the functions intended to be performed by a Central Board are thrown upon the Governor in Council. The Municipal Councils of Victoria and New Westminster are to act as the local School Boards for their respective School Districts, and provision is made for the election of local Boards in other School Districts. The Governor is to create School Districts upon receiving a petition signed by not less than two-thirds of the resident house-holders, provided there be not fewer than 13 children to attend school in such proposed District, and provided the people are prepared to raise by taxation or otherwise a sum of not less than $300, to supplement the Government grant, such Government grant in no case to exceed $500, to any one School. His Excellency is, however, empowered to make further grants in certain cases towards assisting in erecting school-houses and otherwise establishing schools. In settlements where there are fewer than 13 children of school age and where $300 cannot be raised from local sources the Governor has a discretionary power to make special provision for education. In all cases where a School District is formed, the resident rate-payers shall decide in what way the local quota shall be raised. Provision is made for clergymen to teach children belonging to their respective denominations, once a week, before or after the regular school hours.

A CLERGYMAN ON POLITICS.

At a tea-party in Blackburn, to celebrate the opening of a new Co-operative Working Men's Club, the Rev. H. Westcoe, Vicar of St. Thomas's, Blackburn, said—Two statements which were made by previous speakers were painfully and awfully true. One was that the devil had made his head quarters in London, and Mr. Gladstone was one of his generals; and the other was that the devil was the first Radical. These might seem exaggerated statements, but let them think for a moment, and look at the union of Church and State. Three times there had been an attempt to separate Church and State, and in every case the agitators had come to ruin. The first instance that the All-wise gave of His government was that union of Church and State in heaven. The first agitator for the dissolution of that union was the devil; but in seeking to effect the dissolution of that union he effected his own fall. Again, the same Wise Being gave us another instance of the nature of His government, and that, again, was the union of Church and State. That was in Paradise, where it was the union of the Church in Adam and Eve, with the sovereignty of the All-wise. Satan set to work, and this time succeeded, and the result was the ruin of the Church temporal. He had given them in the Book of Leviticus another instance of a union between Church and State; and when it was opposed, it was the ruin of the Church, of the union, and of the agitators. And though it might seem harsh, though it might seem an exaggeration of truth, he confessed that he felt appalled when he saw the sad and terrible parallelism there was between the enemy of all men and the leader of the Radicals, now the enemy of the Church. He strongly felt the parallelism, and he would rather occupy his present humble position than Mr. Gladstone's.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

New Advertisements.

List of Prices

OF

TINWARE,

FOR THE YEAR

1869.

10	Quart MILK PANS at	$4 50	₱ doz.
6	" "	3 25	"
2	" "	2 50	"
1	Gal. COFFEE POTS at	6 50	"
½	" "	4 25	"
12	Quart CAMP KETTLES at	9 25	"
10	" "	8 25	"
6	" "	6 35	"
4	" "	4 25	"
3	" "	2 50	"
10	Inch COPPER BOTTOM BOILERS at	3 00	each.
8	" "	2 75	"
7	" "	2 50	"
6	" "	2 25	"
5	" "	2 00	"
9	" TEA KETTLES at	2 00	"
8	" "	1 75	"
7	" "	1 50	"
6	" "	1 25	"
TIN CUPS at		87½	₱ doz.
STOVE PIPES 25cts. & 30cts.			₱ Joint of 2 feet.

Orders filled at these prices, for CASH.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM.

N. W., Feb. 18th, 1869 tc

NOTICE.

The Howe Sound Copper Mining Company, Limited.

THE Annual general Meeting of the above Company stands adjourned until Monday next the 22nd inst., at 4 o'clock P.M. at the Colonial Hotel.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,
fe20 td Secretary.

AUCTION SALE.

Preliminary Notice.

Will be sold shortly the RAMPART FARM, opposite New Westminster.

Particulars next issue.

Apply to
J. KENNEDY, Langley,
or
H. V. EDMONDS,
fe20 1in Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Alway and Benjamin Bailey, Traders, of Yale, B.C., have by Indenture bearing date the third day of February, 1869, and made between the said Alway and Bailey of the first part; and George J. Findlay and John Robertson Stewart, of the city of Victoria, Merchants, of the second part; and all other the creditors of the said Alway and Bailey of the third part, conveyed and assigned in manner therein mentioned all their Estate and Effects for the benefit of all the creditors of the said Alway and Bailey. And such deed was duly executed by them on the third day of February, 1869, and by the said George J. Findlay and J. R. Stewart on the 10th day of February, 1869, and the execution thereof was attested by George A. Walkem, of the city of Victoria, Barrister-at-Law.

February 16, 1869. fe20 3in

Fresh Garden Seeds.

MOORE & CO.

Have just received

BY EXPRESS,

From the Shaker Garden, Mount Lebanon, New York,

Their Eleventh Annual supply of

FRESH AND RELIABLE

GARDEN SEEDS.

They are guaranteed to be of last year's growth and selected especially for this market by the United Society of Shakers.

For sale by
MOORE & CO.,
fe13 1m Druggists Yates-street.

VALENTINES

AT

fe13 1c

CLUTE & CLARKSON'S.

New Advertisements.

FRESH GARDEN & FIELD

SEEDS.

JUST RECEIVED,

fe13 tc AT
CLUTE & CLARKSON'S

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.

CAPITAL,--TEN MILLION DOLS.

SPROAT & CO.,
Agents, Victoria,
CUNNINGHAM BROS.,
fe13 tc New Westminster.

FRUIT TREES!

THE UNDERSIGNED offers for sale the best Assortment of

FRUIT TREES

in the Colony. All warranted

GRAFTED FRUIT.

fy6 tc J. CUNNINGHAM.

GOOD NEWS

TO THE INHABITANTS OF

New Westminster,

BURRARD INLET

AND THE

LOWER FRASER.

JOHN A. WEBSTER

DESIRES to inform the Inhabitants of the New Westminster District that he has commenced business in the Store formerly occupied by him, opposite the Colonial Hotel, and has just opened a fine assortment of

Dry Goods,	Groceries,
Clothing,	Feed,
Boots & Shoes,	Crockery,
Hats, Caps, &c.,	Hardware.

The above Goods have been carefully selected for this market, and will be sold at the LOWEST POSSIBLE Prices. ja1 tc

COAL!

A FRESH ARRIVAL BY THE

"FLY,"

FROM

NANAIMO,

IN ANY QUANTITY TO SUIT CONSUMERS.

Apply at the store of
H. HOLBROOK,
Columbia Street.
ja16 tc

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES: COUGHS.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES: ASTHMA.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES: INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES: BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES: WHICH ARE DAILY RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY—Testimonials from the most eminent of whom may be seen.

Sold in Boxes and Tins, of various sizes, By T. KEATING, Chemist, 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Sold retail by all Druggists, &c. ja25

New Advertisements.

SCOTCH HOUSE,

VICTORIA.

A. McLEAN & Co.,

ARE just opening a very choice assortment of Winter Clothing, received by last Express, direct from England, consisting of:—

Beaver Suits,
TWEED SUITS;
Hosiery,
UNDER CLOTHING,
Hats, Caps,
BALTIC & WHITE SHIRTS,
Water-proof coats,
BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

A Splendid Stock of

WINTER GLOVES.

Men's Suits, $10 to 30.

BOYS' CLOTHING AND UNDERCLOTHING.

We receive additions to our Stock by every Steamer, and the above will be sold cheap for cash, to make room for other shipments on the way.

oct10tc

DISSOLUTION OF

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting and the name and style of ALWAY & BAILEY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All bills receivable or payable, must be handed into Mr. B. BAILEY only for settlement.

J. ALWAY.
Witness, W. H. WARD. B. BAILEY.
Yale, October 28th 1868. oct31 tin

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,

PARIS, 1867.

THE VERY HIGHEST PRIZE

THE IMPERIAL CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR

Was conferred at the Paris Exposition on the Representative of the

GROVER & BAKER

SEWING MACHINE,

Being the Highest Award made to any Sewing Machine Exhibitor.

THE NEW STYLES.

SHUTTLE STITCH

MANUFACTURING MACHINE,

MANUFACTURED BY

GROVER & BAKER,

Are rapidly superseding all others.

THE ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY MACHINES,

MANUFACTURED BY

GROVER & BAKER,

Are acknowledged to be the

BEST

IN USE.

Send for a Circular.

R. G. BROWN, Agent,
718 Montgomery Street,
San Francisco, Cal.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THAT property known as Woodcock's Wharf and Mills, consisting of Two Buildings fronting on Richard street, a wharf 60x200ft. upon which are built warehouses, freight-sheds and a "piggery" capable of containing 200 hogs.

The property enjoys a free water-privilege with sufficient depth for shipping to lie alongside the wharf.

The whole or any portion will be sold or leased upon the most reasonable terms

Apply to
WM. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. tc

INFORMATION WANTED.

INFORMATION is wanted of Robert Gibson, who left his father's house, in the township of Stanley, in the County of Huron, Province of Ontario, Canada, in the year 1852; and is supposed to have died in Cariboo, British Columbia, or in California, some four or five years ago.

Any person sending particulars as to his being alive, or as to the death of the said Robert Gibson to the undersigned, his father, will be suitably rewarded.

Address
ROBERT GIBSON,
Township of Stanley, Brucefield P.O., Ont.

California and British Columbia papers will oblige by copying the above.

November 6, 1868

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the firm name of Higgins & Long, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The publication of the Daily and Weekly BRITISH COLONIST, and the prosecution of a General Printing Business, will be continued by the Senior Partner of the late firm, who will receive all monies due and discharge all outstanding liabilities.

DAVID W. HIGGINS.
THOS. H. LONG.

Victoria, V. I., Jan. 9th, 1869. ja15 1m

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

BOSTON BAR.

THE Public are advised that this long and favorably known Hotel has again come into the hands of its original proprietor,

ALEXANDER COUTLEE.

who will give the Establishment his personal supervision.

The travelling public may therefore depend on having their wants properly attended to.

ALEXANDER COUTLEE.
Boston Bar, April 11th, 1868. 3m

GRELLEY & FITERRE,

WHOLESALE IMPORTERS

OF, AND

GENERAL DEALERS

IN

WINES, SPIRITS, CORDIALS,

AGENTS FOR

Napoleon's Cabinet

AND

BOUCHE

CHAMPAGNE.

Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C., Dec. 4, 1868. tc

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL

Soda Creek.

M'LEESE & SEXAY, PROPRIETORS.

BEG to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—

MEALS	$1 00
BEDS	75
BOARD AND LODGING, per day	2 50
do do per week	15 00

Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give

First-class Accommodation in the Eating and Sleeping Departments,

They hope to merit an extended support in the future.

Private Room for Families.

AT THE BAR

Will always be found the Choicest Brands of WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1869.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Victoria By-Law Ordinance and Municipal Amendment Ordinance was read a second time. The Anatomy Bill passed through Committee and was reported complete.

The hon. Mr. Helmcken moved That His Excellency the Governor be humbly requested to order that a Voyage to any Foreign part shall be considered of not less than Forty Days duration; and that Vessels of Fifty tons burden and upwards shall be allowed to have their Stores duty free.

This motion gave rise to a good deal of discussion, but was finally carried, an amendment, emanating from the Government side of the House, having been lost.

The Drawbacks Bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole. The first clause, which reduced the limit of vessels to be employed in the Exports trade from fifty tons to ten tons, elicited much discussion. It was argued by those who opposed the change that to allow the small vessels to engage in the trade would tend to encourage smuggling; and it was urged by the hon. the Attorney General that as the contemplated change would be "repugnant" to the Imperial Statute the House had no power in the premises. Notwithstanding these objections, however, the clause was carried, after which the Committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

TUESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS

The hon. Mr. Ring moved the second reading of the Probate Bill. After some discussion the Bill was read a second time, with the understanding, however, that important alterations would be made in Committee.

The hon. Mr. Robson moved "That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, recommending the adoption of the Immigration scheme set forth in the Report of the Select Committee on that subject, and recommending the necessary appropriation of money for carrying out the same." The Resolution was passed unanimously.

The Vancouver Island Reconveyance Bill was read a second time and passed through Committee.

The Anatomy Bill was read a third time and passed.

The consideration of the School Bill was resumed in Committee of the Whole and was completed with the exception of one clause, which was deferred.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The only measure of public interest taken up during this sitting was that of Confederation. The debate commenced about 1:30 and continued till 7:30. The hon. Dr. Davie moved his resolution in a very able speech, able as a piece of oratory, but singularly free from any practical argument bearing upon the question. The resolution was as follows:—"This Council impressed with the conviction that, under existing circumstances the Confederation of this Colony with the Dominion of Canada, would be undesirable, even if practicable, urge Her Majesty's Government not to take any decisive steps towards the present consummation of such union." The resolution was seconded by the hon. Mr. Wood whose efforts in opposition to Confederation we are unable to compliment. The hon. Dr. Carrall moved an amendment, supporting it by a speech characterized by considerable ability. The amendment was ably seconded by the hon. Mr. Humphreys, but was subsequently withdrawn in favour of the following amendment, moved by the hon. Mr. Alston:—"That however desirable Confederation with Canada may hereafter become, this Council believes that until the great territory intervening between this Colony and the Dominion is transferred to the Crown and contains a larger and more settled population, it would be premature to express any definite opinion on the subject." The hon. Mr. Trutch made a sensible speech, more, however, in consonance with the amendment than with the resolution. The hon. Mr. Ring also spoke—from the fence-top point of view. The hon. Mr. Holbrook succeeded in making himself notorious by the delivery of a characteristic speech, in the course of which some statements hard to believe were made. The hon. Mr. Drake spoke against Confederation, but laboured under the disadvantage of not understanding his subject. The hon. Mr. Walkem delivered a very eloquent and forcible speech against the resolution and in favour of ultimate Confederation. The hon. Mr. Robson spoke at considerable length on the same side, and supporting the amendment. At 7:30 the House divided, negativing the amendment by a vote of 11 to 5 and carrying the resolution by a similar vote. It is proper to remark that the hon. Mr. Alston was absent when the vote was taken.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The following Protest was handed to the Clerk, to be placed on the minute book:—

We, the undersigned members of the Legislative Council, desire to place on record our protest against the action taken by the Council at its last sitting, upon the subject of Confederation with Canada.

1st. It has been conceded by all that the admission of British Columbia into the Dominion of Canada is not likely to take place until the territory intervening has first been admitted and more thickly settled. Under these circumstances it was premature and injudicious for the Council to discuss and pronounce an opinion upon the subject.

2nd. The Council, as at present constituted, is not a Representative body, and hence does not fairly reflect public opinion upon this subject.

3d. The Colonists resident on the Mainland—the larger and more productive portion of the Colony—(together with a large minority on Vancouver Island) are nearly unanimous in favor of Confederation upon fair and equitable terms when the proper time shall have arrived for its consummation. This will appear evident from the simple fact that all the elective members from the Mainland were returned as Confederationists and that every one of those members now joins in this Protest.

(Signed)

R. W. W. Carrall,
Cariboo District,
Henry Havelock,
Yale District,
T. B. Humphreys,
Lillooet District,
Geo. A. Walkem,
Jno. Robson,
New Westminster District,
E. Graham Alston,
(as to clause one).

Legislative Council Chamber,
Thursday, Feb. 18th, 1868.

The hon. Mr. Robson moved That an humble address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, recommending that a Drawback of 75 cents may be allowed upon every barrel of Flour manufactured within the Colony from imported Wheat, upon which Duty of Customs has been paid. After some discussion the resolution was passed.

The hon. Dr. Helmcken moved an address to the Governor, for a Drawback on exported biscuits made from imported flour.—Carried.

The Loan Bill was taken up in Committee. Clause 1 was passed with several amendments.

The hon. Mr. Havelock moved for a bonus of $1000 for the manufacture within the Colony of 10000 lbs. of sugar from Beet-root.—Carried.

INFORMATION WANTED.—The last mail brought a letter from Canada, seeking for information respecting Alexander Cameron, who came to this Colony eight years ago, and is said to have died suddenly. Any information respecting the said Alexander Cameron, or the circumstances under which he died (if dead), will be thankfully received by his only brother, John Cameron, near Brucefield, Township of Stanley, Ontario, Canada; or, if such information be sent to the publisher of this Journal, it will receive due attention.—The Cariboo *Sentinel* will confer a favor by directing attention to this matter.

Waltham watches and Ayer's Pills are said to be the highest specimens of American art, each of their kind; one in mechanics and the other in medicine. With a Waltham watch in one pocket and a box of Ayer's Pills in the other, you should be at your work in season with health to pursue it.—*Advertiser*, Norway, Me.

Many of those ladies who were disappointed at being refused the franchise, are now quite contented to be without a vote; for they have been told that one of the questions electors are bound to answer at the polling booths is, "What is your age?"

CAPTAIN IRVING got his steamers Onward and Reliance out of winter-quarters on Thursday. We understand they are to be at once thoroughly overhauled and refitted so as to be in readiness for the spring traffic.

BURRARD INLET.—The British ship Golden Age, Capt. Thomas, arrived at Moody & Co.'s Mills, on Wednesday.

FROM VICTORIA.—The str. Enterprise, Capt. Swanson, arrived from Victoria last evening with freight and passengers.

SEVERAL canoes loaded with merchandise went up-river yesterday.

ADDRESS.

The following Address of welcome was presented to the Rev. R. Jamieson, on the occasion of his resuming pastoral charge of the Presbyterian Church in this city:

To the Rev. Robert Jamieson:

REVEREND AND DEAR SIR,—It is our pleasing duty, in the name and on behalf of the Presbyterians of this City and District, to extend to you a cordial welcome back to this your former field of labour.

With that self-sacrificing zeal for the interests of our beloved and most dearly cherished Faith which has pre-eminently distinguished your career on this coast, you felt it to be your duty, some three yearsago, to sever the connection between us, and continue the more arduous work of a Pioneer Missionary; and although deeply regretting the separation, yet we rejoiced to know that your devoted labours in another field were not in vain.

In welcoming you back as our stated Minister, we may be permitted to assure you of the confidence and goodwill of every adherent of our Church in this place.

It is fitting we should take this opportunity of acknowledging our sense of indebtedness to you, as the former Minister of the Congregation in whose name we speak. To you, under God, we are indebted for the possession of a handsome and commodious Church and Manse, together with other Church property of no inconsiderable value; and it is, we believe, a happy feature of the present re-union that you are, in the Providence of God, returning literally to enjoy the fruits of your former arduous labours.

It would be ungrateful on our part not to acknowledge, at the same time, our obligations to the Canada Presbyterian Church, which has supplied us with faithful Ministers, and so largely assisted in their support amongst us.

After nearly two years of patient waiting, during which we have been enabled regularly to maintain Public Worship, not, we venture to believe, without experiencing the presence of the Master of assemblies, it is with unfeigned gratitude to Almighty God that we now look forward to the stated dispensation of Word and Ordinances, and we earnestly pray that your ministrations may be abundantly blessed from on high, and that we may be enabled so to co-operate with you as that the work of Christ may not only be revived and quickened in those who are already the subjects of it, but that many who are yet strangers to its life-giving power may be brought under its saving influence.

The welcome which is now accorded to yourself we would desire to extend to your estimable wife; and we fervently pray that the Great Head of the Church, without whose blessing all human effort must be in vain, may bless you and your family, both in your souls and "in your basket and in your store," and that He may overrule all things for His own glory.

We are, Reverend and Dear Sir,
Yours in Christian Fellowship,
(Signed)

JNO. ROBSON,
JOHN S. CLUTE,
J. C. BROWN,
G. B. MURRAY,
D. WITHROW,
Committee.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

European dates are to the 8th inst. The news from Greece is of a contradictory character, the last despatches declaring that the King and Cabinet are firmly for peace, which is believed to be thereby assured. It was rumored in Madrid, on the 8th inst., that the Carlists had attacked San Antonia, in the Province of Santando, and were repulsed after sharp fighting. It was stated that Prince Ferdinand had consented to be a candidate for the throne of Spain. The London *Standard* predicts that the Alabama Treaty will be rejected by the United States, and is sure that from the next administration they will not get such favorable terms for the settlement of the question.

Canadian dates are to the 8th inst. The Nova Scotia Compromise provides for assuming the debt of Nova Scotia, ($9,000,000), being $2,000,0.0, more than the amount supposed to be outstanding at the time of the Confederation. A fixed subsidy of over $80,0.0, is to be paid to Nova Scotia for ten years. The Provincial building at Halifax is to be bought by the Dominion. Dispatches recently received from the English Government refuse a further consideration of the appeal for an Independent Government. This has induced Joseph Howe to enter the Cabinet.

Eastern States news is to the same date. A Washington special says the Omnibus Pacific Railroad bill will be killed by aid of the friends of the 32nd parallel road. The *Herald* argues that the policy of intervention in the affairs of Cuba is imperatively forced upon the incoming administration. From events transpiring, Spain should be impressed with the conviction that she shall not be permitted to destroy an American community because it refuses to be governed by her antiquated notions of public policy. In the Senate, Sherman presented a petition for the recognition in the Constitution of Almighty God as the source of all civil authority. The New York *Herald* says that, in all probability, there will be, within four years, a Territorial delegate from Mexico to Congress. General Grant is known to favor the annexation of Mexico, and this, it is said, must be the final solution of the Mexican question. At Connorsville, Tenn., on the 28th Jan., a bridegroom was shot at the altar by the bride's brother. The murderer escaped. A petition against the confirmation of the Alabama Treaty has been placed at the Merchant's Exchange, Boston, for signature.

A San Francisco despatch, dated Jan. 27, says, A private telegram, dated Sydney, Jan. 2d, was received on Saturday by way of Gaul, representing the grain harvest in Australia as abundant, and quoting wheat at 16s 6d per 100 lbs., an unusually low figure.

FIVE DAYS LATER.

Whalen, the murderer of McGee, was hanged at Ottawa on the 11th. He made no confession.

Caleb Cushing announces, by telegram to Seward, that he brings a treaty for the Isthmus Canal.

A late despatch from China announces that a combat took place at Canton between the Chinese inhabitants and the crew of the British gunboat Grasshopper. The sailors, after making a desperate fight, were compelled to retire, having 11 wounded.

The Cretan insurgent chiefs have submitted to Turkey, the island is quiet.

MARRIED.

At New Westminster, B. C., Feb. 7th, by Rev. Mr. Browning, Stephen Henry Masters to Miss Maria Louisa Deitz. No cards.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Restorative Treatment.—It has been confirmed by the experience of thirty years that these Pills constitute the best alterative and tonic medicine hitherto available by the public. It is enough to say that a short course of these purifying Pills has, in numberless cases, been marked by the most gratifying results, when the invalids were becoming daily weaker and worse, though no particular disease could be detected. Holloway's Pills purify the source of life, rekindle the failing energies, revive the sick and delicate, and raise up the broken-down. This medicine is especially recommendable because it is so well suited to the community at large, and its innocent nature precludes the possibility of its causing mischief under any circumstances whatever.

New Advertisements.

OLD COTTAGE BAKERY,
ESTABLISHED 1860.
W. HARVEY.
FANCY BREAD AND BISCUIT
BAKER,
CORNER OF BEGBIE AND COLUMBIA STREETS,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
N. B.—Pies, Cakes and Genuine Brown Bread always on hand
my6te

CLINTON HOTEL,
CLINTON CITY,
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the
CLINTON HOTEL
property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.
Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand.
They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.
J. SMITH & CO.
Clinton, B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. tc

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative.)
The Edinburgh Review, (Whig.)
The Westminster Review, (Radical.)
The North British Review, (Free-Church.)
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews.....$ 4 00 per annum
For any two of the Reviews..... 7 00 "
For any three of the Reviews..... 10 00 "
For all four of the Reviews..... 12 00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine..... 4 00 "
For Blackwood and one Review..... 7 00 "
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews 10 00 "
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews 13 00 "
For Blackwood and the four Reviews... 15 00 "

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should pay by the quarter at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is Two Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

BACK NUMBERS.

Subscribers, by remitting direct to the Publishers, may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The *North British* from January 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive; *Edinburgh* and the *Westminster* from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the *London Quarterly*, for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of $1 50 a year for each or any Review or *Blackwood* for 1866 and 1867, for $2 50 a year, or the two years together for $4 00.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
140 Fulton Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE.
By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1000 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post-paid, $8.
81vi 1868. 1y

New Advertisements.

ALL OVE
The world people of sense and judgment have learned to use
PLANTATION BITTERS.
Dyspepsia, with its symptoms, Headache, Heartburn, Perverse Lips, Bad Breath, Sallow Complexion, &c., can be cured by using PLANTATION BITTERS.
This is the most successful tonic of the age. Young, middle-aged and old, are delighted with its effects.
The first trial always has a marked good effect.
No chance of diet is necessary. Eat all you wish, of the coarsest and most nutritious food.
It is the greatest cure ever known for an overloaded and distressed stomach, which it relieves in a few minutes.
We know that we have the best and most popular medicine in the world. We are not afraid to show what it is composed of.
PHYSICIANS ARE COMPELLED TO RECOMMEND IT.
CALISAYA BARK has been celebrated for over two hundred years, and was sold during the reign of Louis XVI, for its weight in silver. It is remarkable for Dyspepsia, Fevers, Weakness, Constipation, &c.
CASCARILLA BARK.—For Diarrhea, Colic, and diseases of the stomach and bowels.
DANDELION.—For inflammation of the Loins and Dropsical Affections.
CAMOMILE FLOWERS.—Aromatic, stimulant and tonic—highly invigorating in nervous debility.
WINTERGREEN.—For Scrofula, Rheumatism, &c.
ANISE.—An aromatic carminative, creating flesh, milk and mirth; much used by mothers nursing.
Also cloves, balm, orange, caraway, coriander, snakeroot, &c.

S.T-1860-X.

Another wonderful ingredient, of Spanish origin, imparting beauty to the complexion and brilliancy to the mind, is at present unknown to the commerce of the world, and we establish its name for the present.
With this recipe in the community, and evidences of effects meeting them on all sides, the success of Dr. DRAKE stands founded upon the rock of truth. Almost every family has some case of suffering which the PLANTATION BITTERS will alleviate and cure.
They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an immediate beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure and harmless.
NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and impostor. It is put up only in our log cabin bottle. Beware of all this refilled with imitation or vicious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. Note that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork uninjured, and our signature on steel plate side label.
Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.
P. H. Drake & Co., New York,
Sole Proprietors.
Redington & Co., San Francisco, Agents for California and Nevada.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
The merits of this Liniment are well known. Its effects are instantaneous, soothing, and wonderful.
Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so common, and each one to be in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.
It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.
READ THE FOLLOWING.
"I take pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches, or Galls on horses. Our men find it good for Burns, Bruises, Sores, Rheumatism, &c."
J. W. HEWITT,
Foreman for Ames, Wells, Largo & Hamden's Express.
"The sprain of my daughter's ankle is pronounced, by physicians and others, was entirely cured in one week after she commenced using your celebrated Mustang Liniment." ED. SEELY.
Gloucester, Mass., Aug. 1, 1865.
"Quick and sure it certainly is. All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the PRIVATE U. S. stamp of the firm BARNES & Co., covering the top.
An effort has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. Look CLOSELY!
Sold by all Druggists and Stores, 25, 50 cts. and $1.

LYON'S FLEA POWDER.
It is well known that Lyon's genuine Magnetic Powder will perfectly destroy everything in the shape of fleas, bedbugs, roaches, &c., that it is perfect poison to the insect tribe, but entirely harmless to the human species and domestic animals.
Bedbugs, Roaches, Ants, etc., are in every house. This Powder is their natural death. It should be in every cupboard.
JOHN L. ROSE, Esq., Superintendent of the New York City Hospital, says: "Lyon's is the only SURE and safe we have ever used."
NEW YORK HOTEL PROPRIETORS say: "We have used Lyon's Magnetic Powder for eliminating insects and vermin, with entire satisfaction."
C. LEMAN & STETSON, Astor House.
S. T. COZZENS, American Hotel.
ACKER & TREADWELL, St. Nicholas Hotel.
S. LELAND & CO., Metropolitan Hotel.
Testimony of this character might be added to any length. Wherever it is used it advertises itself.
The genuine has the signature of E. LYON, and the private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co. Anything else of this kind is an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have none other.
Sold by all druggists and general storekeepers in every town and trading-camp on the Pacific Coast.

A. W. PIPER,
CONFECTIONER,
Government Street, Victoria
B. C.

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the Trade that he is prepared to manufacture every variety of Confectionery at the most reasonable rates, and of the purest and best quality.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES,
TARIFF OR NO TARIFF!

Orders from the Interior are solicited and will receive prompt attention.
Victoria, July 23d 1868. tc

THE WEE WHITE ROSE.

All in our marriage garden
Grew smiling up to God;
A bonnier flower than ever
Sucked the green warmth of the sod,
O beautiful unbudding
Its little life unfurled!
Life's crowning sweetness was our wee
White rose of all the world.

From out a gracious heaven,
Our bud of beauty grew,
It fed on smiles for sunshine,
And tears for darker dew.
As nestlings warm and tenderly,
Our locks of love were curled
So close and close about our wee
White rose of all the world.

Two flowers of glorious crimson
Grew with our rose of light;
Still kept the sweet heaven-grafted slip
Her whiteness saintly white.
If the wind of life they danced with glee,
And reddened as it whirled;
But, white and wondrous grew our wee
White rose of all the world.

With mystical faint fragrance
Our house of life she filled—
Revealed each hour some fairy tower,
Where winged hopes might build.
We saw—though none like us might see
Such precious promise pearled
Upon the petals of our wee
White rose of all the world.

But evermore the halo
Of angel-light increased
Like the mystery of moonlight,
That folds some fairy feast.
Snow-white, snow-soft, snow-silently,
Our darling bud up-curled,
And dropt i' the grave, God's lap—our wee
White rose of all the world.

Our rose was but in blossom,
Our life was but in spring,
When down the solemn midnight
We heard the spirits sing:
"Another bud of infancy,
With holy dews impearled,
And in their hands they bore our wee
White rose of all the world.

You scarce could think so small a thing
Could leave a loss so large;
Her little light such shadow flung,
From dawn to sunset's marge.
In other springs our life may be
In bannered bloom unfurled,
But never, never match our wee
White rose of all the world.

GERALD MASSEY.

PRINCE ALBERT'S TOMB.

The Mausoleum erected by Queen Victoria, within sight of Windsor Castle for the remains of her husband, has cost about $1,000,000. The whole amount has been expended by the Queen out of her own private fortune. The exterior of the Mausoleum is of stone; the interior is of marble of all colours and kinds. The building consists of a central octagon surrounded by three chapels, or recesses. The dome of the octagon, including a cross which surmounts it, is 83 feet, the height inside being 70 feet. The interior decorations are exceedingly elaborate in colours and designs, with gilding, painting, and sculpture in profusion. A massive sarcophagus of highly polished Aberdeen granite, resting upon a slab of polished black marble in the centre of the octagon, contains the Prince's remains. There is a kneeling angel in bronze at each corner. Upon the lid of the sarcophagus is a recumbent figure of the Prince Consort in white marble, the work of Baron Marochetti. The dome above has a ceiling of blue, spangled with golden stars. The ribs of the dome are supported with golden angels. In each of the side recesses a bronze and golden chandelier is suspended. Painted panels and sculptures adorn the walls, with inscriptions and traceries. In the recess opposite the entrance is the altar, and over it a large painting of the Resurrection; above it, in the ceiling, a fresco of the Ascension. There is to be a large painting, also, in each of the other recesses. The general result is said to be exceedingly impressive. Everything that affection can dictate, wealth procure, and art achieve, has been done. The entrance to the mausoleum faces east, and is reached by a flight of black marble steps, leading to a porch supported by granite columns, with a ceiling decorated with Venetian Mosaics. The floor of the entrance, as well as of the entire structure, is formed of variegated marbles, polished and inlaid in panels of various designs.

The Boston underwriters lately presented one thousand dollars to Captain Murphy, of the Cunard steamship *Tarifa*, as a testimonial to his seamanship in bringing his vessel into port with a steering apparatus of spars and ropes, after the vessel's rudder breaking.

G. F. Train says the only man in Dublin who would publish his "prison extra" was a printer so poor that he wanted to go to jail as a luxury.

Queen Olga, of Greece, walks the streets of Athens with her baby in her arms, and stops and talks with all the mothers she meets.

New Advertisements.

AYER'S

MEDICINES.

The peculiar taint or infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitutions of multitudes of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein that fluid becomes incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and leaves the system to fall into disorder and decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various names, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptive and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given it a trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: **King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses,** and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief. Those cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its victims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of *Sarsaparilla* in alterative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the causes of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of *Sarsaparilla*, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL,

The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need do no more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., *Practical and Analytical Chemists,* Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Fire—Imperial Insurance Co., London.

Life—City of Glasgow Assurance Company Glasgow.

For Rates or Premium, apply to

W. J. ARMSTRONG, Agent.

New Westminster, May 9th, 1868. rtc

New Advertisements.

ADDRESS

TO THE

NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED

WHOSE

SUFFERINGS HAVE BEEN PROTRACTED,

AND WHOSE CASES

REQUIRE PROMPT TREATMENT TO RENDER EXISTENCE DESIRABLE.

If you are suffering have suffered, what effect does it produce upon your general health?

Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired?

Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart?

Does your liver, urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order?

Is your urine sometimes thick, milky or ropy, or is it ropy on settling?

Or does a thick scum rise to the top?

Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile?

Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia?

Are your bowels constipated?

Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head?

Is your memory impaired?

Is your mind constantly dwelling on this subject?

Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, or of life?

Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?

Does any little thing make you start or jump?

Is your sleep broken or restless?

Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant?

The bloom on your cheek as bright?

Do you enjoy society as well?

Do you pursue your business with the same energy?

Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia.

Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

NOW, READER,

DISEASES BADLY CURED, AND EXCESSES,

Are capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. These organs of generation when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks, or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running into excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men, from badly-cured diseases and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other form of disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other disease which humanity is heir to; and the real cause of the trouble never suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of this sort require a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE

GREAT DIURETIC,

AND IS

A CERTAIN CURE FOR

Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in male or female.

From whatever Cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.

By If no treatment is submitted to, CONSUMPTION or INSANITY may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S

EXTRACT BUCHU,

ESTABLISHED UPWARDS OF 18 YEARS,

PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUGGIST, 594, Broadway, New York. and 104 South Tenth st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Price $1 25 per bottle, or Six for $6 50.

DELIVERED TO ANY ADDRESS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, EVERYWHERE.

jouly

New Advertisements.

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From Emery Eles, a well-known merchant of Orford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Deanbville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sawin, Houston St., New York.

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Stock, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* types, and effectual in some cases that were too inveterate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Lieu, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness, are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Mowrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia, when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

COLONIAL HOTEL,

.....AND.....

RESTAURANT,

New Westminster, B. C.

GRELLEY & ARNAUD

PROPRIETORS.

A SPLENDID

BILLIARD SALOON,

ATTACHED.

THE BARS

are well stocked with the choicest brands of

WINES, ALES, SPIRITS, AND CIGARS.

New Westminster, Nov. 27th, 1868. tc.

New Advertisments.

ADVICE GRATIS!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

To Purify The Blood.

These Pills have been proclaimed by the common consent mankind at the head of all remedies for removing obnoxious poisons from the blood, and cleansing all the tissues of the body. They have saved thousands year after year from falling a sacrifice to the effects of dysentery, diarrhœa, constipation, liver complaints, &c., a fact attested by myriads of witnesses. Excessive weakness and debility the warnings of decreasing organic energy and vital decay, are restored and reanimated with vigor and healthful action in every organ throughout the system, by this universal and exhilarating influence of this medicine.

Female Complaints.

All disorders of the sex, and diseases in every crisis perilous to the life and health of woman, youthful or aged, married or single, may be radically and quickly cured without risk or trouble, by a few doses of these Pills, taken according to the printed directions.

Indigestion with languor and want of energy.

When taking these Pills, rub Holloway's celebrated Ointment over the pit of the stomach, and over the region of the liver, on the right side under the ribs, and you will at once experience a change for the better in your digestion, spirits, appetite, strength, and energy. The improvement, though it may be gradual, will be thorough and lasting.

DROPSY.

The efficacy of Holloway's Pills in dropsy is extraordinary. They act with such peculiar effect upon the system, that the fluids arising from this direful disease are imperceptibly carried off and prevented from any further accumulation. The sufferer regains a buoyancy of spirits and rejoices in a completely renovated constitution; but it is indispensably necessary that the Ointment should be most effectually rubbed into the complaining parts.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels.

Those who suffer from bile and liver complaints, should try the effects of this valuable remedy, a few doses of which will make the sufferer feel elastic and vigorous, removing all impurities, giving a healthy action to the liver; if billious attacks be allowed to continue, serious casualties may arise, and the sufferer be consigned to a bed of sickness in all disorders of the kidneys, the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back, once or twice a day; and the Pills taken in unison, will cure any complaints arising from these organs.

Piles, Shortness of Breath with Weakness.

Very bad symptoms, which if not corrected, may tend to some serious disorders of the heart, or other vital organs. Eat moderately of solids, take six Pills nightly for some little time; take plenty of fresh air with moderate exercise, and the human machinery will be quickly restored to health and vigor. Try this but for three days only, and the result will be marvellous.

Complaints incident to Children.

All complaints of children may soon be cured if care be taken to purify their blood, correct the action of the liver, and cleanse the stomach and bowels: a few doses of these famous Pills will immediately have the desired effect, particularly if parents be careful in not allowing them to eat of things which they know would be injurious to themselves.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague,	Female Irregularities,	Scrofula, or King's Evil.	
Asthma,			
Bilious Complaints,	Fevers of all kinds,	Sore Throats,	
Blotches on the Skin,	Gout,	Stone and Gravel,	
Bowel Complaints,	Head-ache,	Secondary Symptoms,	
Colics,	Indigestion,	Tic Douloureux,	
Constipation of the Bowels,	Inflammation,	Tumours,	
Consumption,	Jaundice,	Ulcers,	
Debility,	Liver Complaints,	Venereal Affections,	
Dropsy,	Lumbago,	Worms of all kinds.	
Dysentery,	Piles,	Weakness from whatever cause,	
Erysipelas,	Rheumatism,	Acts, &c.	

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

CURE IS AT HAND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Scorbutic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

If this powerful ointment be well rubbed into the parts affected, all skin diseases will be speedily overcome. It acts not by repression, but repulsion. It enters the system as salt enters meat, and operates not locally only, but constitutionally purifying the whole system, neutralizing all depraved humours, and affecting a radical and complete cure. The Pills should be taken as an auxiliary to the Ointment, as they are so prepared as to act in unison with it, facilitating and confirming the conquest of the disease.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Quinsey.

The above complaints have for twenty years been treated with Holloway's Ointment and Pills with complete success. The cures have been as remarkable, speedy and permanent, that these often fatal diseases are now easily cured by these medicines, than even the common sore throat, if taken in time.

The Kidneys, Stone and Gravel.

In these complaints, the Ointment almost acts like a charm, proving it is very effectually rubbed over the regions of the kidneys, which it will penetrate and give almost immediate relief, while the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, when the most extraordinary cures may be effected by this means.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Scrofulous Sores, and Glandular Swellings.

In such cases the Ointment operates surely and with a rapidity that resembles magic. It should be rubbed into the parts affected, after they have been fomented with lukewarm water. The purifying and curative powers of this marvellous unguent have never failed. Any old sore, wound or ulcer always yields to its influence, and in cases of bad breasts, or milk fevers, its action is wonderful. Glandular swellings may soon be reduced by following the printed directions.

The Action of the Heart. Dropsy.

The last-named disease is commonly preceded by irregular action of the heart, and difficult respiration; which symptoms are always severe, and ever go from bad to worse, unless proper means of cure are resorted to. In Holloway's unrivalled Ointment and Pills the dropsical patient will ever find succour; the present relief derived from the use of these remedies is marvellously quick, and perseverance in the application of this famous Ointment, invariably results in a cure. They act with such energy on the circulation and absorbent system, that the dropsical fluid vanishes, and the sufferer finds all the oppressive symptoms daily decline, till natural health returns.

Gout and Rheumatism.

May be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts, and this perseveringly done for some time. It is no use to smear it on the skin only, it must be got into the system. Take as many Pills nightly as will act two or three times during the 24 hours; eschew the use of coffee, and all stimulants. When these complaints are leaving the system, the virulence of the complaint frequently seems to increase.

Indiscretion of Youth.

Sores, ulcers and swellings can with certainty be cured if this Ointment be thoroughly rubbed all round the complaining parts twice or thrice a day. Keeping them covered with linen rag spread with the same.

The Pills must be taken according to the printed directions. The blood being in an impure state, perseverance is necessary. From humane motives letters of advice will be answered gratuitously. To save carriage the Pills should be obtained in the neighborhood of the sufferer, and not from Holloway's Establishment.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs,	Chapped hands,	Scalds,
Bad Breasts,	Contracted and	Sore Nipples,
Burns,	Stiff Joints,	Sore-throats,
Bunions,	Elephantiasis,	Skin-diseases,
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand-flies,	Fistulas,	Scurvy,
	Gout,	Sore-heads,
Coco-bay,	Glandular Swellings,	Tumors,
Chiego-foot,		Ulcers,
Corns (soft),	Lumbago,	Wounds,
Cancers,	Piles,	Yaws.
Chilblains,	Rheumatism,	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 224, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s., each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

Miscellaneous.

The greatest marriage settlement in the world—Utah.

A dead language is of course the same thing as a dried tongue.

"Cheaper than dirt" would be a pertinent label for cases of soap.

Woman is a living, moving poem. Particulary when she is a-verse to a man.

Just the difference. To get out of debt—pay up. To keep out of debt—pay down.

When a man's face turns as yellow as a guinea, he is said to have a rich complexion.

Why is an exquisitely formed dog like a man who beats his wife? Because he's a perfect brute.

Why is a hen immortal? We are almost afraid to give the answer, but it is, Because "her son never sets."

People going bathing should first get drunk, because a man can't be drowned as long as his head swims.

If brooks are, as poets call them, the most joyous things in nature, what are they always murmuring about?

The hog may not be thoroughly posted in arithmetic, but when you come to square root, he is there—the hog is.

Whipping is the best thing in the world for boys. Ask any youth who's just been birched whether it does not make him *smart*.

The profession of a parson is said to be easier learned than that of a physician, because it is so much more easy to preach than to practise.

When you see a man sticking a postage stamp behind his right ear and trying to get into the post box, you may set him down as peculiar.

The women of the States are very busily engaged redressing their wrongs. Some women might find profitable occupation in redressing themselves.

A Milwaukee German shot himself the other day because he failed to receive a remittance which he expected. It arrived the next day, and paid his funeral expenses.

It is highly important, when a man makes up his mind to become a rascal, that he should examine himself closely, and see if he aint better constituted for a phool.

"What's that?" asked a schoolmaster, pointing to the letter X. "It's daddy's name." "No, you blockhead, it's X." "Taint X neither; it's daddy's name, I seed him write it many a time."

A farmer in Mobile hearing a noise outside his house at night, got up and, taking a pistol down, proceeded to the hall door which was being opened. He fired as the person entered and killed his wife.

A Minnesota postmaster, who wished to retain his office, on being asked by Postmaster General Randall whether he had not opposed Mr. Johnson's "policy," replied: "No, sir-ee, and I want you to understand that I can change my politics as fast as you, and when I can't keep up, I'll resign."

VICTOR MEUNIER, speaking of those freaks of appetite for which the ostrich is remarkable, says:—"Most frequently these errors of *regime* have no serious inconvenience. One ostrich had a nail implanted in the inner sides of the gizzard; another had two nails lodged in the thick part of the mesentery (where they could only have reached by perforating the stomach); and they had caused a very hard greenish concretion, with which they were entirely coated. Neither of these animals appeared in the least unwell. But it often happens to those in captivity to become the victims of their avidity. One ostrich is mentioned which died from having swallowed a large quantity of quick-lime. The menagerie of Paris possessed, twelve years since, a magnificent couple, which it was hoped would breed; but a stone having fallen on the glass roof of the den, the male and female hastened to swallow the broken glass, which lacerated their entrails. In the same establishment an ostrich succumbed, after thirty-four days, to an attack of indigestion, caused by a dose of a pound and a half of nails. Dr. Berg mentions one which was killed by swallowing an enormous shop-key."